

Brammer Standard Company, Inc.

# Certificate of Analysis

## BS 47B

### F-5 Grade Steel Reference Material

	Certified Value <sup>1</sup>	Estimate of Uncertainty <sup>2</sup>		Certified Value <sup>1</sup>	Estimate of Uncertainty <sup>2</sup>
Analysis listed as percent by weight					
<b>C</b>	<b>0.122</b>	0.005	<b>Sn</b>	<b>0.006</b>	0.001
<b>Mn</b>	<b>0.39</b>	0.01	<b>V</b>	<b>0.004</b>	0.0015
<b>P</b>	<b>0.014</b>	0.002			
<b>S</b>	<b>0.022</b>	0.0015		Informational values <sup>3</sup>	
<b>Si</b>	<b>0.22</b>	0.01	<b>Ca</b>	(0.0001)	
<b>Cu</b>	<b>0.12</b>	0.01	<b>O</b>	(0.004)	
<b>Ni</b>	<b>0.105</b>	0.008	<b>Nb</b>	(<0.004)	
<b>Cr</b>	<b>4.78</b>	0.04	<b>Pb</b>	(0.001)	
<b>Mo</b>	<b>0.45</b>	0.01	<b>Sb</b>	(0.002 )	
<b>Al</b>	<b>0.018</b>	0.002	<b>Ta</b>	(<0.002)	
<b>As</b>	<b>0.004</b>	0.0005	<b>Ti</b>	(0.003)	
<b>N</b>	<b>0.023</b>	0.001	<b>W</b>	(<0.002)	

<sup>1</sup> The certified value listed is the present best estimate of the true value based on the results of an interlaboratory testing program.

<sup>2</sup> The uncertainties listed are based on value judgments of the material inhomogeneity and the 95% confidence interval. The half-width confidence interval C(95%) is shown on page 2.

<sup>3</sup> Data in parentheses are not certified and are provided for information only.

See reverse side for more information.

Certificate Number 47B-062998p1

Analysis	C	Mn	P	S	Si	Cu	Ni	Cr	Mo	Al	As
1	0.1164	0.379	0.012	0.0198	0.206	0.113	0.099	4.74	0.43	0.016	0.003
2	0.118	0.38	0.012	0.021	0.207	0.114	0.10	4.75	0.436	0.016	0.004
3	0.120	0.382	0.013	0.0218	0.209	0.1143	0.101	4.75	0.438	0.017	0.0040
4	0.12	0.383	0.013	0.0219	0.209	0.115	0.101	4.76	0.44	0.0176	0.0043
5	0.121	0.387	0.0134	0.022	0.213	0.115	0.102	4.77	0.442	0.018	0.0043
6	0.122	0.387	0.0137	0.0222	0.214	0.115	0.102	4.775	0.442	0.0181	0.0044
7	0.122	0.388	0.014	0.0224	0.217	0.115	0.106	4.78	0.444	0.0194	0.0044
8	0.123	0.388	0.0145	0.0226	0.218	0.117	0.106	4.782	0.445	0.020	0.0052
9	0.124	0.391	0.0162	0.0227	0.22	0.118	0.1061	4.79	0.447	0.020	
10	0.124	0.393	0.017	0.023	0.23	0.125	0.11	4.81	0.45	0.020	
11	0.125			0.023	0.23	0.13	0.120	4.83	0.458		
12	0.125			0.024		0.13		4.84	0.46		
13	0.1266			0.0241				4.92	0.461		
14	0.128										
Average	0.1225	0.386	0.0139	0.0223	0.216	0.118	0.1048	4.781	0.446	0.0182	0.0042
Std Dev	0.0032	0.005	0.0016	0.0011	0.008	0.006	0.0060	0.032	0.009	0.0016	0.0006
Certified	0.122	0.39	0.014	0.022	0.22	0.12	0.105	4.78	0.45	0.018	0.004
t	2.1604	2.2622	2.2622	2.1788	2.2281	2.201	2.2281	2.201	2.1788	2.2622	2.3646
C(95%)	0.0019	0.003	0.0012	0.0007	0.006	0.004	0.0041	0.020	0.006	0.0011	0.0005

continued from above

Analysis	N	Sn	V	Ca	O	Nb	Pb	Sb	Ta	Ti	W
1	0.0212	0.0052	0.002	0.00003	0.0035	<0.002	0.00076	0.0004	<0.0005	0.001	<0.0005
2	0.0222	0.0054	0.002	0.00005	0.0042	0.00106	0.00092	0.0013	<0.002	0.0020	<0.002
3	0.0225	0.0059	0.004	0.00019		0.0016	0.0010	0.0014	0.001	0.0042	0.0013
4	0.0230	0.006	0.004			0.003	0.00108	0.0030		0.006	
5	0.0230	0.007	0.0052				0.002	0.003			
6	0.0231	0.0074	0.0052								
7	0.0231	0.008	0.0053								
8	0.0236										
9	0.0239										
Average	0.0228	0.0064	0.0040	0.00009	0.0039		0.0012	0.0018		0.0033	
Std Dev	0.0008	0.0011	0.0014	0.00009	0.0005		0.0005	0.0011		0.0022	
Certified	0.023	0.006	0.004	(0.0001)	(0.004)	(<0.004)	(0.001)	(0.002)	(<0.002)	(0.003)	(<0.002)
t	2.306	2.4469	2.4469								
C(95%)	0.0006	0.0010	0.0013								

Data in parentheses are not certified but provided for information only.

$C(95\%) = (t \times sd) / \sqrt{n}$  The half-width confidence interval, where  $t$  is the appropriate Student's  $t$  value,  $sd$  is the interlaboratory standard deviation, and  $n$  is the number of acceptable mean values. For further information regarding the confidence interval for the certified value, see ISO Guide 35:1989 section 4.

**Certification Process:** The requirements of ISO Guide 31, ISO Guide 34, ISO Guide 35, and ASTM Standard Guides E 1724 and E 1831 were followed for the preparation of this reference material and certificate of analysis. This is a reference material as defined by ISO Guide 30.

**Analysis:** Chemical analyses were made on chips prepared by a lathe from the certified portion of the bars in accordance with ASTM Standard Practice E 59. The laboratories participating in the testing normally followed the requirements of ISO Guide 25. The individual values listed above are the average of each analyst's results. Methods of analysis used were a combination of ASTM Standard Methods E 350, E 352, and 1019 plus additional ICP and AA spectrometric methods.

**Co-operating Laboratories:** Some of the co-operating laboratories were:

ANAREM, Prague, Czech Republic  
ARMCO Inc, Research & Technology, Middletown, Ohio  
Brammer Standard Co., Inc., Houston, Texas  
Crucible Specialty Steel, Syracuse, New York  
J. Dirats and Co., Inc., Westfield, Massachusetts  
Laboratory Testing, Inc., Dublin, Pennsylvania  
LECO Corporation, St. Joseph, Michigan  
Sherry Laboratories, Muncie, Indiana  
Shiva Technologies, Inc., Cicero, New York  
Spectrochemical Laboratories, Inc., Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania  
The Timken Company, Canton, Ohio  
VHG Laboratories, Inc., Manchester, New Hampshire

**Homogeneity:** This Reference Material was tested for homogeneity using ASTM Standard Practice E 826 and found acceptable.

**Traceability:** This Reference Material was also examined by optical emission spectrometry and found to be compatible with the following Certified Reference Material: NIST SRM 1263a, 1764; SS 407/1, 473, 612/1; CKD 170H. The following Certified Reference Materials were used to validate the analytical data listed on page 2: NIST SRM 32e, 33c, 36b, 50c, 73c, 100b, 121d, 123c, 125b, 126c, 131e, 132a, 135, 139b, 291, 293, 344, 361, 362, 363, 364, 365, 864, 866, 867, 1270, 1762, 1763, 1764, ECRM 085-1, 088-1, 096-1, 112-1, 184-1, 276-1, 286-1; BCS 345; BAM 044-1, 230-1; IMZ 1.22, 1.27; CKD 180 through 189; ICRM C9/2, C16/2.

**Source:** This material was produced by Copperweld Steel Company, Warren, Ohio. The material was made in an electric arc furnace and cast into ingots. The bar stock was hot rolled and annealed.

**Available Form:** This Reference Material is available in the form of a disc, approximately 38 mm (1.50") in diameter and 19 mm (0.75") thick.

**Use:** This Reference Material is intended for use in optical emission and x-ray spectrometric methods of analysis. The entire depth of the disc may be used.

**Caution:** As with any bar material, avoid optical emission spectrometric burns in the center of the disc (5 mm radius), as some segregation may be present.

**Sample Preparation:** For best analytical results, use the same method for preparing the analytical surface on all reference materials as you use for production specimens. Avoid overheating the disc during surface preparation.

**Safety Notice:** A Material Safety Data Sheet (MSDS) is not required for this material. This material will not release or otherwise result in exposure to a hazardous chemical, under normal conditions of use. Inquiries concerning this Reference Material should be directed to:

Brammer Standard Co., Inc. Phone: (281) 440-9396  
14603 Benfer Road  
Houston, Texas 77069-2895 USA Fax: (281) 440-4432

Certified by: \_\_\_\_\_ on June 29, 1998.  
G. R. Brammer

**Certificate Number 47B-062998p3**

**By Certificate Number R-021, the Quality System of Brammer Standard Company, Inc., is registered to ISO 9002 by the American Association for Laboratory Accreditation (A2LA).**

**Brammer Standard Company's Chemical Laboratory is accredited to ISO Guide 25 by A2LA.  
(Certificate Number 656.01)**

## **References:**

*ASTM documents available from ASTM, 100 Barr Harbor Drive, West Conshohocken, PA 19428-2959,  
Telephone: 610-832-9500 Fax: 610-832-9555 e-mail: service@astm.org Website: www.astm.org*

E 59 - 93 Standard Practice for Sampling Steel and Iron for Determination of Chemical Composition

E 350 - 90 Standard Test Methods for Chemical Analysis of Carbon Steel, Low-Alloy Steel, Silicon Electrical Steel, Ingot Iron, and Wrought Iron

E 352-93 Standard Test Methods for Chemical Analysis of Tool Steels and Other Similar Medium and High-Alloy Steels

E 826 - 85 (Reapproved 1990) Standard Practice for Testing Homogeneity of Materials for the Development of Reference Materials

E 1019 - 93 Standard Test Methods for Determination of Carbon, Sulfur, Nitrogen, and Oxygen in Steel and in Iron, Nickel, and Cobalt Alloys

E 1724 - 95 Standard Guide for Testing and Certification of Metal and Metal-Related Reference Materials

E 1831 - 96 Standard Guide for Preparing Certificates for Reference Materials Relating to Chemical Composition of Metals, Ores, and Related Materials.

*ISO Guides available from American National Standards Institute, 11 West 42nd St., 13th Floor, New York, NY 10036.*

ISO Guide 25 (Third edition, 1990), General requirements for the competence of calibration and testing laboratories.

ISO Guide 30 (Second edition, 1991), Terms and definitions used in connection with reference materials.

ISO Guide 31 (First edition, 1981), Contents of certificates of reference materials.

ISO Guide 33 (First edition, 1989), Uses of certified reference materials.

ISO Guide 34 (First edition, 1996), Quality system guidelines for the production of reference materials.

ISO Guide 35 (Second edition, 1989), Certification of reference materials - General and statistical principles.

*Other useful documents available from NIST, U.S. Department of Commerce, Gaithersburg, MD 20899.*

NIST Special Publication 260-100, Handbook for SRM Users

NIST Special Publication 829, Use of NIST Standard Reference Materials for Decisions on Performance of Analytical Chemical Methods and Laboratories

**Certificate Number 47B-062998p4**